

Amendment to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Kindly cancel claim 1 and substitute the following new claims therefore:

1. (Canceled)

2. (New) A lamp holding assembly, comprising:

a first connection portion, having connection parts adapted for holding a truss-mounted lamp;

a second connection portion, having truss connection parts, including at least first and second spaced-apart truss connection parts, adapted for connecting to a supporting truss;

a selectively rotatable portion, connected between said first and second connection portions, allowing rotation between said first and second connection portions when in a loosened state, and preventing said rotation between said first and second connection portions when tightened; and

a graduated scale displaying an angle between said first and second connection portions, including at least a plurality of different angle values thereon.

3. (New) An assembly as in claim 2, wherein said angle values represent a value between a pointing of the lamp and an extending direction of the truss.

4. (New) An assembly as in claim 2, wherein said values include 0° , 45° and 90° .

5. (New) An assembly as in claim 2, further comprising a handle coupled to said second connection portion, allowing holding said second connection portion while attaching the second connection portion to the truss.

6. (New) An assembly as in claim 5, wherein said second connection portion includes a handle running between said first and second spaced apart truss connection parts.

7. (New) A method, comprising:

determining a plurality of truss mounted lamps which will be controlled as a group;

attaching each of said truss mounted lamps to supporting trusses, wherein at least one of said supporting trusses extends in a different direction than another of said supporting trusses;

using a graduated scale to adjust a base position of each lamp to point in the same direction, wherein at least one value on one graduated scale of one of the lamps is different than a value on a graduated scale than another one of the lamps; and

controlling the lamps as a group as though each lamp was mounted oriented as facing in the same direction.

8. (New) A method as in claim 7, wherein said truss mounted lamps are formed on a bracket which includes a truss mounted portion and a linear mounted portion, and said using comprises moving a truss mounted portion of the bracket relative to said lamp-mounted portion.

9. (New) A method as in claim 8, further comprising securing said truss mounting portion relative to said lamps mounting portion after adjusting the lamp.

10. (New) A method, comprising:

attaching a plurality of lamps to a plurality of trusses,
wherein at least one of said trusses extends in a different
direction than another of said trusses;

loosening the connection between a connection to the truss
and a connection to the lamp;

adjusting an angle between the connection to the truss and
the connection to the lamp, for each of the plurality of lamps;
and

subsequently tightening the connection between the
connection to the truss and the connection to the lamp.

11. (New) A method as in claim 10, wherein said adjusting
comprises adjusting each of the plurality of lamps to point in
the same direction in their basic state.

12. (New) A method as in claim 10, further comprising
controlling the plurality of lamps as a group which are all
controlled to point in the same direction.

13. (New) A method as in claim 10, further comprising,
prior to said attaching, maintaining the lamps in a reset
position.

14. (New) A method as in claim 10, further comprising limiting an amount of adjustment in said adjusting to an amount which prevents cables from being overtwisted.